Name: \_

Rubric for Narrative Writing—Fourth Grade								
	Grade 2 (1 POINT)	1.5 PTS	Grade 3 (2 POINTS)	2.5 PTS	Grade 4 (3 POINTS)	3.5 PTS	Grade 5 (4 POINTS)	score
			<b>S</b>	TRUCTU	RE			
Overall	The writer wrote about one time when she did something.	Mid- level	The writer told the story bit by bit.	Mid- level	The writer wrote the important part of an event bit by bit and took out unimportant parts.	Mid- level	The writer wrote a story of an important moment. It read like a story, even though it might be a true account.	
Lead	The writer thought about how to write a good beginning and chose a way to start his story. He chose the action, talk, or setting that would make a good beginning.	Mid- level	The writer wrote a beginning in which she helped readers know who the characters were and what the setting was in her story.	Mid- level	The writer wrote a beginning in which he showed what was happening and where, getting readers into the world of the story.	Mid- level	The writer wrote a beginning in which she not only showed what was happening and where, but also gave some clues to what would later become a problem for the main character.	AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER
Transitions	The writer told her story in order by using words such as when, then, and after.	Mid- level	The writer told his story in order by using phrases such as a little later and after that.	Mid- level	The writer showed how much time went by with words and phrases that mark time such as just then and suddenly (to show when things happened quickly) or after a while and a little later (to show when a little time passed).	Mid- level	The writer used transitional phrases to show passage of time in complicated ways, perhaps by showing things happening at the same time (meanwhile, at the same time) or flashback and flash-forward (early that morning, three hours later).	A CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF TH
Ending	The writer chose the action, talk, or feeling that would make a good ending.	Mid- level	The writer chose the action, talk, or feeling that would make a good ending and worked to write it well.	Mid- level	The writer wrote an ending that connected to the beginning or the middle of the story.  The writer used action, dialogue, or feeling to bring his story to a close.	Mid- level	The writer wrote an ending that connected to the main part of the story. The character said, did, or realized something at the end that came from what happened in the story.  The writer gave readers a sense of closure.	

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	Grade 2 . (1 POINT)	1.5 PTS	Grade 3 (2 POINTS)	2.5 PTS	Grade 4 (3 POINTS)	3.5 PTS	Grade 5 (4 POINTS)	SCORE
			STRU	CTURE (	cont.)			
Organization	The writer wrote a lot of lines on a page and wrote across a lot of pages.	Mid- level	The writer used paragraphs and skipped lines to separate what happened first from what happened later (and finally) in his story.	Mid- level	The writer used paragraphs to separate the different parts or times of the story or to show when a new character was speaking.	Mid- level	The writer used paragraphs to separate different parts or times of the story and to show when a new character was speaking. Some parts of the story were longer and more developed than others.	The state of the s
		OTHER DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	A CONTRACT LA CONT	- Communication of the Communi	reconstruction and control of the co			TOTAL:
			) DE\	VELOPM	ENT			
Elaboration*	The writer tried to bring his characters to life with details, talk, and actions.	Mid- level	The writer worked to show what was happening to (and in) her characters.	Mid- level	The writer added more to the heart of his story, including not only actions and dialogue but also thoughts and feelings.	Mid- level	The writer developed characters, setting, and plot throughout her story, especially the heart of the story. To do this, she used a blend of description, action, dialogue, and thinking.	(×2)
Craft*	The writer chose strong words that would help readers picture her story.	Mid- level	The writer not only told his story, but also wrote it in ways that got readers to picture what was happening and that brought his story to life.	Mid level	The writer showed why characters did what they did by including their thinking.  The writer made some parts of the story go quickly, some slowly.  The writer included precise and sometimes sensory details and used figurative language (simile, metaphor, personification) to bring her story to life.  The writer used a storytelling voice and conveyed the emotion or tone of her story through description, phrases, dialogue, and thoughts.	Mid- level	The writer showed why characters did what they did by including their thinking and their responses to what happened.  The writer slowed down the heart of the story. He made less important parts shorter and less detailed and blended storytelling and summary as needed.  The writer included precise details and used figurative language so that readers could picture the setting, characters, and events. He used some objects or actions as symbols to bring forth his meaning.  The writer varied his sentences to create the pace and tone of his narrative.	
		Garage and the second						TOTAL:

<sup>\*</sup> Elaboration and Craft are double-weighted categories: Whatever score a student would get in these categories is worth double the amount of points. For example, if a student exceeds expectations in Elaboration, then that student would receive 8 points instead of 4 points. If a student meets standards in Elaboration, then that student would receive 6 points instead of 3 points.

	Grade 2 (1 POINT)	1.5 PTS	Grade 3 (2 POINTS)	2.5 PTS	Grade 4 (3 POINTS)	3.5 PTS	Grade 5 (4 POINTS)	SCORE
			LANGUA	GE CONV	ENTIONS			
Spelling	To spell a word, the writer used what he knew about spelling patterns (tion, er, ly, etc.).  The writer spelled all of the word wall words correctly and used the word wall to help him figure out how to spell other words.	Mid- level	The writer used what she knew about spelling patterns to help her spell and edit before she wrote her final draft.  The writer got help from others to check her spelling and punctuation before she wrote her final draft.	Mid- level	The writer used what he knew about word families and spelling rules to help him spell and edit. He used the word wall and dictionaries when needed.	Mid- level	The writer used what she knew about word families and spelling rules to help her spell and edit. She used the word wall and dictionaries when needed.	
Punctuation	The writer used quotation marks to show what characters said.  When the writer used words such as can't and don't, she used the apostrophe.	Mid- level	The writer punctuated dialogue correctly with commas and quotation marks.  While writing, the writer put punctuation at the end of every sentence.  The writer wrote in ways that helped readers read with expression, reading some parts quickly, some slowly, some parts in one sort of voice and others in another.	Mid- level	When writing long, complex sentences, the writer used commas to make them clear and correct.	Mid- level	The writer used commas to set off introductory parts of sentences, such as One day at the park, I went on the slide; he also used commas to show talking directly to someone, such as Are you mad, Mom?	
								TOTAL:

Teachers, we created these rubrics so you will have your own place to pull together scores of student work. You can use these assessments immediately after giving the on-demands and also for self-assessment and setting goals.

## Scoring Guide

In each row, circle the descriptor in the column that matches the student work. Scores in the categories of Elaboration and Craft are worth double the point value (2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or 8 instead of 1, 1.5, 2, 2.5, 3, 3.5, or 4).

Total the number of points and then track students' progress by seeing when the total points increase.

Total score:

If you want to translate this score into a grade, you can use the provided table to score each student on a scale of 0–4.

<b>Number of Points</b>	Scaled Score
111	1
11.5–16.5	1.5
17–22	2
22.5–27.5	2.5
28–33	3
33.5–38.5	3.5
39-44	4